Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
1(a)(i)	electrical (energy) / electricity / direct (electric) current		(1)

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
1(a)(ii)	A description including		(2)
	• {light / ignite} gas / lighted splint (1)	reject glowing splint	
	• gas burns / (squeaky) pop (if air is present) (1)	second mark conditional on first	

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
1(b)	sea water / salt / brine / sodium chloride (solution)		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
1(c)(i)	<b>D</b> salt and water only		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
1(c)(ii)	A description to include two from		(2)
	<ul> <li>(green) solid { disappears / dissolves} (1)</li> </ul>	ignore references to names of products	
	effervesces / bubbles (of colourless gas) given off (1)	fizz	
	blue (solution) forms (1)	goes blue ignore incorrect colours of solution	
		ignore temperature rise	

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
1(d)(i)	<ul> <li>An explanation linking</li> <li>tablet C (1)</li> <li>because it neutralises greatest volume of acid (1)</li> </ul>	ignore references to rate	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
1(d)(ii)	{crushed tablets / chewed tablets} have a shorter reaction time (than whole tablets) (1)	ignore crushed because times are quicker / larger surface area / do not need to break down	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2(a)	magnesium nitrate water carbon dioxide  all three correct (2) magnesium nitrate + one other	allow correct formulae	(2)
	correct (1)		

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
<b>2</b> (b)(i)	C – neutralisation		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2(b)(ii)	ZnO + 2HCl $\rightarrow$ ZnCl <sub>2</sub> + H <sub>2</sub> O (3)	correct multiples ignore state symbols	
	LHS (1) RHS (1) balancing of correct formula (1)		(3)

Questic		Indicative Content	Mark
QWC	*2(c)	A description including some of the following points  experiment set up	
		(turns red then) bleaches/white	(6)
Level 1	1 – 2	<ul> <li>No rewardable content</li> <li>a limited description e.g. simple description/diagram of electrolysis set up OR description of test for one of the gases.</li> <li>the answer communicates ideas using simple language and uses limited scientific terminology</li> </ul>	
2	3 – 4	<ul> <li>spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with limited accuracy</li> <li>a simple description e.g. a full description of electrolysis OR test for both gases OR simple description of electrolysis and the test for one of the gases.</li> <li>the answer communicates ideas showing some evidence of clarity and organisation and uses scientific terminology appropriately</li> <li>spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with some accuracy</li> </ul>	
3	5 – 6	<ul> <li>a detailed description e.g. description of electrolysis and test for both gases OR a full description of electrolysis and of one gas test</li> <li>The answer communicates ideas clearly and coherently uses a range of scientific terminology accurately</li> <li>spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with few errors</li> </ul>	

Question	Answers	Acceptable Answers	Mark
Number			
3 (a)	A aluminium nitrate		(1)
	and lead sulfate		

Question Number	Answers	Acceptable Answers	Mark
3 (b)	An explanation linking two of the following	Any reference to molecules/molecular/intermolecular/covalent scores 0 marks overall	
	strong (forces of / electrostatic) attraction (1)	strong bonds ignore "between atoms" for this mark ignore strong lattice / giant structure	
	(between) oppositely charged <u>ions</u> (1)	positive and negative <u>ions</u> reject between bonds reject charged atoms for this mark	
	requires lot of heat/energy { to separate ions/overcome forces/break bonds}	{high / more} {heat / energy} ignore hard to melt/high temperature needed	
	(1)		(2)

Question Number	Answers	Acceptable Answers	Mark
3 (c)(i)	<pre>white { precipitate /solid}</pre>	white powder	(1)

Question	Answers	Acceptable Answers	Mark
Number			
<b>3</b> (c)(ii)	BaSO <sub>4</sub> + 2KCl (2)	SO <sub>4</sub> Ba / CIK	
	OR		
		Ignore incorrect use of case, or use of	(2)
	BaSO <sub>4</sub> + KCl (1)	superscript or large number 4	

Question Number	Answers	Acceptable Answers	Mark
<b>3</b> (d)(i)	C K+		
			(1)

Question Number	Answers	Acceptable Answers	Mark
3 (d)(ii)	A description linking three of the following		
	(sequence has to be correct for full marks)		
	M1 add/mix/react only sodium carbonate (solution) and lead	add/mix/react the (two) solutions/them	
	nitrate (solution) (1)	for M1 ignore warm/heat mixture	
		if any indication of heating to evaporate anywhere only M1 can be scored	
		if any other reagent added eg acid can score max 2 for question	
	M2 filter (off precipitate) (1)	decant (off the solution)	
	M3 dep on M2		
	M3 wash/rinse (solid/residue with distilled water)	reject if wash with acid or other reagent	
	OR		
	dry using {filter paper/paper towel/in a (warm/drying) oven} (1)	leave to dry / in the sun / on a radiator / near a window reject heat/hot oven	
			(3)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
	<u> </u>		4.1
4(a)	<b>D</b> aq I		(1)
			ŀ

Question Number	Answer	acceptable answers	Mark
4(b)	$H^+ + OH^- (1) \rightarrow H_2O (1)$	LHS (1) RHS (1) ignore state symbols, even if incorrect. allow inclusion of spectator ions, Na <sup>+</sup> and Cl <sup>-</sup> , if shown on both sides for one mark max	(2)

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
4(c)(i)	suitable acid-base indicator eg methyl orange, phenolphthalein	litmus reject universal indicator allow recognisable phonetic	(1)
		spelling	

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
4(c)(ii)	correct colour change for suitable indicator in 4(c)(i):  methyl orange: yellow → orange/pink/red	litmus : blue → red	
	phenolphthalein : magenta/pink → colourless	ignore clear	(1)

Link 4ci and 4cii together on e-Pen

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
4(d)	rel mass NaOH = 23.0 + 16.0 + 1.00 (1)	(= 40.0) (1)	
	concentration = 20.0 x 1 (1) formula mass	0.5 (mol dm <sup>-3</sup> ) without working (2)	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
4(e)	moles of NaOH = $25.0 \times 1.50$ (1) 1000 (= 0.0375 moles) ratio 1 : 1 / moles NaOH = moles HCI (1)	0.0375 (1) — without working shown	
	conc of HCI = $0.0375 \times 1000$ (1) 30.0 (= 1.25 (mol dm <sup>-3</sup> )) OR $25.0 \times 1.50 = 30.0 \times conc acid (2)$	conc of HCI = 1.25 (mol dm <sup>-3</sup> )(3) without any working shown allow ecf	
	conc of HCI = $\frac{25.0 \times 1.50}{30.0}$ (1) (=1.25 (mol dm <sup>-3</sup> ))	conc = $30.0 \times 1.50$ = 1.80 (2) 25.0 (mol dm <sup>-3</sup> )	
	. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	allow 0.00125 /0.125 / 12.5 max 2	(3)